The $\qquad$ - $\qquad$ of a line is the $x$-coordinate of the point where the line crosses the $x$-axis. It occurs when $\mathrm{y}=0$.
The $\qquad$ - $\qquad$ of a line is the $y$-coordinate of the point where the line crosses the $y$-axis. It occurs when $\mathrm{x}=0$.



A linear equation written in the form $y=m x+b$ is in $\qquad$ $-$ The slope of the line is $m$, and the $y$-intercept of the line is $b$.

## Identifying Slopes and $y$-Intercepts

Ex:) Determine the slope and y-intercept of the graph of each linear equation.
Notes:
a. $y=-4 x-2$
b. $y-5=\frac{3}{2} x$

OYO:) Determine the slope and $y$-intercept of the graph of each linear equation.
Notes:
a. $y=3 x-7$
b. $y-1=-\frac{2}{3} x$

## Graphing a Linear Equation in Slope-Intercept Form

Ex:) Graph the given equation and identify the $x$-intercept.
Notes:
$y=-3 x+3$


OYO:) Graph the given equation and identify the x-intercept.
$y=x-4$


## Modeling Real Life

Ex:) The number y of perfume bottles in storage after x months is represented by the equation $y=-20 x+460$. Graph the equation. Interpret the $y$-intercept and slope. In how many months will there be no perfume bottles left in storage? Justify your answer.


OYO:) The cost y (in dollars) of taking a taxi x miles is represented by the equation

Notes:
Notes:
 $y=2.5 x+2$. Graph the equation. Interpret the $y$-intercept and the slope.

1.
2.
3.
4.


